

PHARMACOLOGY – I

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

PART – A

(Compulsory Question)

1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)

- (a) Define idiosyncrasy.
- (b) Define antagonist with examples.
- (c) What is pharmacovigilance?
- (d) What is adverse drug reaction?
- (e) Write any two sympatholytic drugs.
- (f) Define glaucoma and its types.
- (g) Write ADR and uses of phenytoin.
- (h) Write any two drugs act on GABA receptor.
- (i) Name two abuse drugs.
- (j) Write about extra pyramidal side effects.

PART – B

(Answer any two questions: 02 X 10 = 20 Marks)

- 2 (a) Name the various routes of drug administration.
(b) Explain in detail about different routes of administration.
- 3 (a) Classify skeletal muscle relaxants.
(b) Write a note on depolarizing and non-depolarizing muscle relaxants.
- 4 (a) Classify opioid analgesics.
(b) Write the pharmacological action, therapeutic uses and ADR of morphine.

PART – C

(Answer any seven questions: 07 X 05 = 35 Marks)

- 5 Write a short note on enzyme inhibition.
- 6 Write a note on drug-drug interaction.
- 7 Write the causes and treatment of myasthenia gravis.
- 8 Difference between benzodiazepines and barbiturates.
- 9 Define parkinsonism. Classify the drugs used in parkinsonism.
- 10 Write about JAK-STAT binding receptor.
- 11 Define neurotransmitter and classification of neurotransmitter.
- 12 Write the treatment of alcohol addiction.
- 13 Write a note on opioid antagonist.

B.Pharm II Year II Semester (R19) Supplementary Examinations March 2022

PHARMACOLOGY – I

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

PART – A

(Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- (a) What is agonist and antagonist?
 - (b) Write the advantages and disadvantages of sublingual route of administration.
 - (c) Define enzyme inhibition. Give example of drugs which inhibit drug metabolizing enzyme.
 - (d) Mention types of muscarinic receptors.
 - (e) What is therapeutic index?
 - (f) What is neurohumoral transmission?
 - (g) Define Myasthenia gravis and mention drugs used in Myasthenia gravis.
 - (h) Define epilepsy and mention different types of epilepsy.
 - (i) Write about types of opioid receptors.
 - (j) Classify ganglionic stimulant.

PART – B**(Answer any two questions: 02 X 10 = 20 Marks)**

- 2 (a) Explain the factor modifying drug action.
(b) Discuss the various route of drug administration.
- 3 (a) Discuss about the pharmacology of cholinesterase inhibitors.
(b) Discuss about the pharmacology of adrenergic agonists.
- 4 (a) Classify anti-depressants. Explain the pharmacology of tricyclic antidepressants.
(b) Write a note on drug abuse.

PART – C**(Answer any seven questions: 07 X 05 = 35 Marks)**

- 5 Write a note on G protein coupled receptors.
- 6 Discuss in detail about drug discovery flow chart.
- 7 Classify adrenergic drugs and explain pharmacology of adrenaline.
- 8 With a neat sketch, explain neurotransmission in adrenergic nervous system.
- 9 Write a note on excitatory neurotransmitters present in CNS.
- 10 Explain the pharmacology of Levodopa.
- 11 Explain the pharmacology of Phenytoin.
- 12 Write the significance of lithium salts as antipsychotic drug.
- 13 Explain in detail about pharmacokinetic drug interactions.

B.Pharm II Year II Semester (R19) Regular Examinations September 2021

PHARMACOLOGY – I

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

PART – A

(Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- (a) What are the different sources of drugs?
 - (b) What is tachyphylaxis and synergism?
 - (c) Define drug dependence.
 - (d) Write the advantages and disadvantages of oral route of administration.
 - (e) What is first pass metabolism?
 - (f) Define enzyme induction. Give example of drugs which induce drug metabolizing enzyme.
 - (g) Define receptors. Mention different types of cholinergic receptors.
 - (h) Write a short note on disulfiram.
 - (i) Classify antipsychotic drugs.
 - (j) Define glaucoma and mention drugs used in glaucoma.

PART – B**(Answer any two questions: 02 X 10 = 20 Marks)**

- 2 (a) Discuss about mechanism of drug action.
(b) Explain in detail about G protein coupled receptors.
- 3 (a) Classify anticholinergic drugs. Write about atropine pharmacological action.
(b) Discuss about pharmacology of Skeletal muscle relaxant.
- 4 (a) Classify antipsychotic drugs. Write about pharmacology of chlorpromazine.
(b) Explain the mechanism of action of anti epilepsy drugs.

PART – C**(Answer any seven questions: 07 X 05 = 35 Marks)**

- 5 (a) Explain in detail about enzyme induction and enzyme inhibition.
(b) Write a short note on renal clearance of drugs.
- 6 (a) Enumerate the phases of clinical trials.
(b) Write a note on adverse drug reaction.
- 7 (a) Classify local anaesthetics. Write the pharmacology of procaine.
(b) Classify Neuromuscular blocking agents.
- 8 (a) Write a short note on centrally acting muscle relaxant.
(b) Describe the stages of general anaesthetics.
- 9 (a) Discuss the pathophysiology of Parkinson's disease.
(b) Write a note on drugs available for Parkinson's disease.

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- 10 (a) Discuss the pharmacology of morphine.
(b) Explain mechanism of action of diazepam.
- 11 (a) Discuss the pharmacological actions of sedatives.
(b) Write a short note on drug abuse.
- 12 (a) Write in detail about CNS stimulant.
(b) What are opioid antagonists with suitable examples?
- 13 (a) Write a note on competitive antagonist.
(b) Explain about the mechanism of action of xylocaine and amitriptyline.
